MARYLAND INVENTORY OF

Maryland Historical Trust HISTORIC PROPERTIES State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. BA 2871

Magi No. 0328715404

DOE __yes X__no

1. Nam	e (indica	te prefer	red name)				
historic Dre	am Landing						
and/or common			<u> </u>				
	Parrish Lo ation	ng House					
street & number	3524	ckleysv	ille Road		_	_ not for publ	ication
city, town	Middletow		vicinity of	Councilman congressional d	istrict is	trict	3 r d 2 m d
state	Maryland		county	Baltimore	Count	V	2000 C.
3. Clas	sificatio	n				,	
Category districtx building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisiti in process being conside X_ not_applice	on Ac	atus occupied unoccupied work in progress cessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commerci education entertainn governme industrial military	al al nent	museun park x private i religious scientifi transpo other:	residence s ic
4. Own	er of Pro	perty	(give names a	and mailing add	lresses	of <u>all</u> ow	ners)
name	Nancy Ranier	Ringgo	1 d				
street & number	3300 Jarret	tsville	Pike	teleph	one no	:410-557	-7276
city, town	Monkton		state	and zip code	MD 2	21211	
5. Loca	ation of L	egal	Descripti	on			
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	County	Courts Build	ding		liber SM	12029
street & number		401 Bo	sley Avenue			folio	480
city, town		Towson			state	MD 3120	4
6. Rep	resentati	on in	Existing	Historical	Surve	ys	
title	No prior stu	dу					
date				federal _	state	county	loca
ository for su	rvey records						
city, town					state		

7. Description

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Condition		Check one	Check one		
excellent	deteriorated		_x_ original s	123	
good	ruins	X altered	moved	date of move	(
fair	unexposed				

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

"Dream Landing" is the new name of an old house of square log construction that is being rehabilitated. The house is two stories, fairly small. formerly covered with siding. The logs are fitted together with V-notches as are most of the county's log structures. The roof is corrugated sheet metal. The main chimney is on the left, built only a few years ago to replace an inside end-chimney. In the old arrangement, the chimney began on the second floor, its bricks sitting on the wood floor; that chimney vented a stove in a bedroom. Another chimney, on the right, vented the kitchen range. A hole in the flooring allowed heat from the kitchen to reach the right hand bedroom.

This house is built of sturdy materials. In the basement there are half-round logs still containing tree bark that support the first floor. In the attic are roof rafters made of half-round straight young trees. The bottom of each rafter was hand-hewn where it meets the framing of the walls. Floor planks are very wide, probably of pine wood. Staircases at the corner of the house (front, right) lead to the second story and attic. The stairs are very steep and twisting, providing almost no tread at the narrow ends. These stairs are similar to those in the 18th century Garrison House on Seneca Creek and the rear wing of the Onion House near Franklinville.

Yet there are also sections of sawmill lumber used as studding. Steam-sawn timber was certainly available in the 1840s and 1850s, easily transported on the Northern Central Railroad (or Baltimore and Susquehanna) after 1838.

This house could have been built in the era of heating by Stoves in mid-19th century. The log house found on this landgrant in 1798 was only one story high and was square in footprint, thus there is no match with "Dream Landing."

With its exposed logs and interesting timber features this house is a good demonstration of country building where log and chink methods were still commonplace until 1860, if not later.

8. Sign	lificance		Survey No. BA	2871
Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic — agriculture — architecture — art — commerce — communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Ilterature Indicator	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	Pre-1850	Builder/Architect Un	known	
Appl	icable Criteria:A ind/or icable Exception:/			

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

"Dream Landing" could match up with the William Parrish house shown on the 1850 county-wide map by J.C. Sidney and P.J. Browne. The 1877 atlas by G. M. Hopkins shows a house with the name of W. Kroh attached to it, but the land title does not trace back to a person of that name. We find that the land grant name mentioned in some deeds is "Hurst's Hills." However, Dr. R. Carlton Seitz's map of reconstructed north-end land grants shows that the entire property of interest and much of the neighbors' property is on the tract called "Hurst's Lot," surveyed in 1788.

The log house property can be traced back to a deed made in April 1878 whereby Stephen and Catharine Parrish made 22 acres over to Frances A. Parrish, presumably their daughter, in recognition "of the keeping of Stephen and Catharine Parrish for the last ten years." This deed conveyed the "house lot" or "Hurst's Lot." Unfortunately, this deed has no "same as" clause to show how Stephen Parrish became owner. 2 We tried in vain to find him in the index of grantees back to 1851, but this property probably belonged to the family at some point before the deed series in the Towson record office begins.

In 1928, Frances M. Parrish and Peter Parrish sold this place to Harry W. Parrish. That deed was to take effect upon the death of the sellers. 3

The Parrish family was in possession of this land until only a few years ago. The house is very likely a 19th century structure because the upper county was little settled in colonial times, the Lords Baltimore keeping a large block of land as a reserve until almost the American Revolution. "Hurst's Lot" was surveyed and patented in post-Revolutionary times, 1788, when Benedict Hurst became its first The 1798 tax list of North Hundred showed Benedict Hurst with only a "one story log dwelling house not finished." Its 26-foot square layout does not match the rectangular house of two stories to be seen oday.

Maryland Historical Trust/ National Register of Historic Places name of

MHT Inventory No.

name of property: "Dream Landing"

Section number ___8 Page __2_

NOTES:

- 1. R. Carlton Seitz, Maps of Land Patents in Northern Baltimore and Carroll Counties (Towson, 1995), p. 81; also map included.
- 2. Baltimore County Deeds, JB 107:198.
- 3. Baltimore County Deeds, WHM 810:110.

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9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. BA 2871

No known sources.

10. (
Quadrangi	nominated property _ e name ences do NOT com	New_Freedom	ences	Quad	drangle scale 1:24,000
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larhal ho					
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l r	regular figure	e, Tax Map 11			
l r List all st	regular figure	e, Tax Map 11	apping state or	county bounda	ries
I r	regular figure	or properties overlands	apping state or county	county bounda	code
List all state	regular figure	code code By	apping state or county	county bounda	code
List all state	None John McGrain	code code ared By	apping state or county	None	code
List all state	None John McGrain Office of Pi	code code ared By	apping state or county	None date Janu	code code

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

BA-2871 Dream Landing (Parrish Log House) 2524 Beckleysville Road, Freeland New Freedom quadrangle

